

## HEALTH CARE SYSTEM: NEW CHALLENGES SMART INVESTMENTS FOR A SUSTAINABLE HEALTH CARE SYSTEM

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"Current Status Austria: New Challenges for the Health Care System" 14<sup>th</sup> Summit Talk on the Schafalm

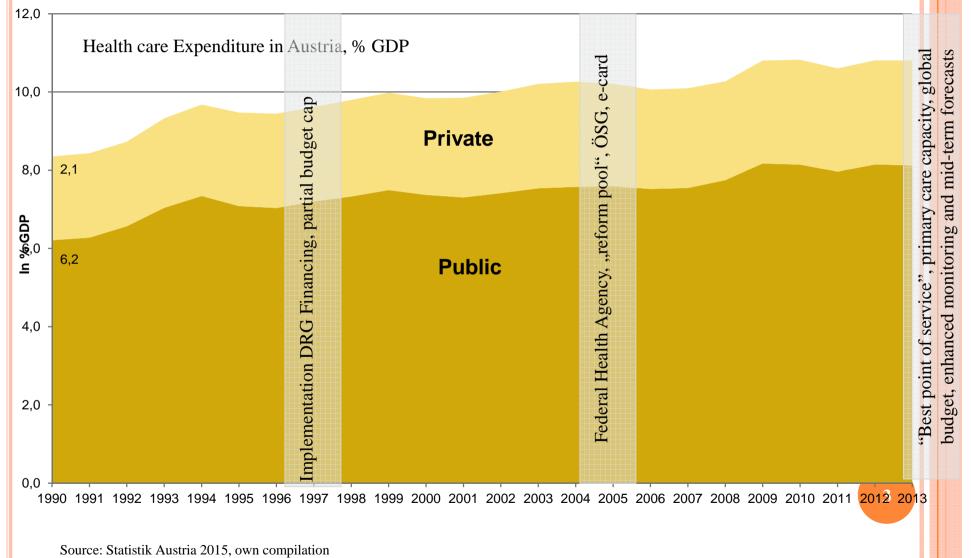
Alpbach, August 25, 2015

http://www.healthsystemintelligence.eu http://healtheconomics.meduniwien.ac.at

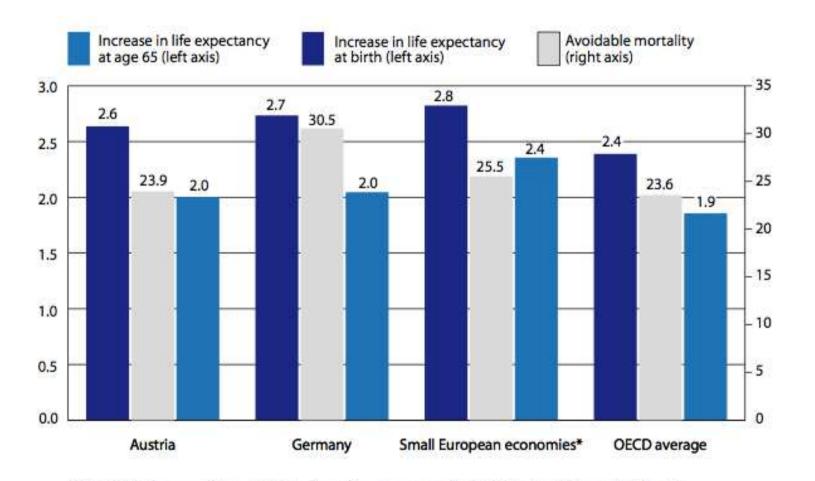
### KEY MESSAGES

- Health outcomes could be better with the money invested
- Health reform 2013
  - is ambitious in trying to re-shape the delivery chain and to further optimize care processes
  - does not explicitly address the issue of waste
  - is path-dependent in aiming at making "hostile" actors working together
- Social Justice is still high but slightly down
- Clever policies are required focusing those most in need while improving policy coordination in particular across policy areas

GRADUAL EXPANSION OF PUBLIC COVERAGE OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES HAS BEEN ACCOMPANIED BY EFFORTS TO IMPROVE EFFICIENCY AND GOVERNANCE



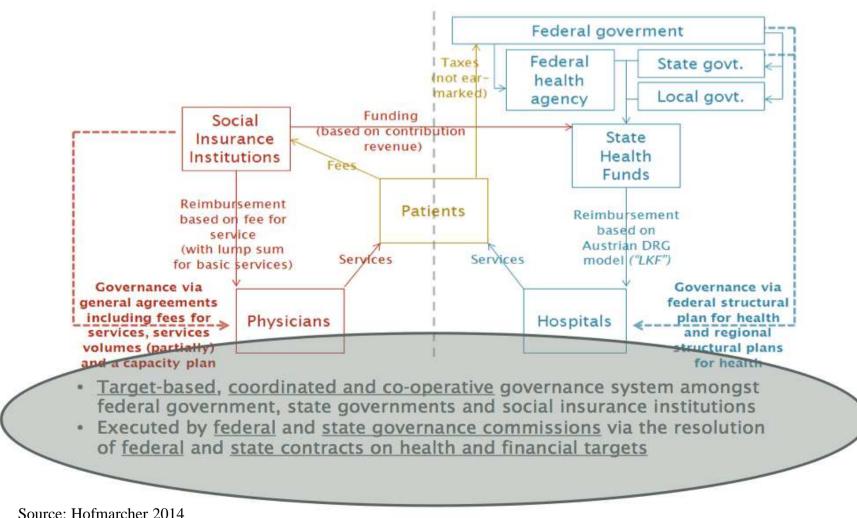
## YET, HIGHER LIFE EXPECTANCY COULD BE ACHIEVED WITH THE MONEY INVESTED



Note: \*Arithmetic mean of other small high-income European economies: the Netherlands, Denmark and Sweden. Source: Journard et al. (2010); own image. 4

# HEALTH REFORM 2013 AIMS TO OVERCOME THE GOVERNING DIVIDE AND TO ENHANCE PERFORMANCE THROUGH

- BETTER FORMALISED COOPERATION AND COORDINATION "ZIELSTEUERUNG"
- A GLOBAL BUDGET CAP WHICH IS EXPECTED TO LEVERAGE STRUCTURAL CHANGE IN CARE DELIVERY



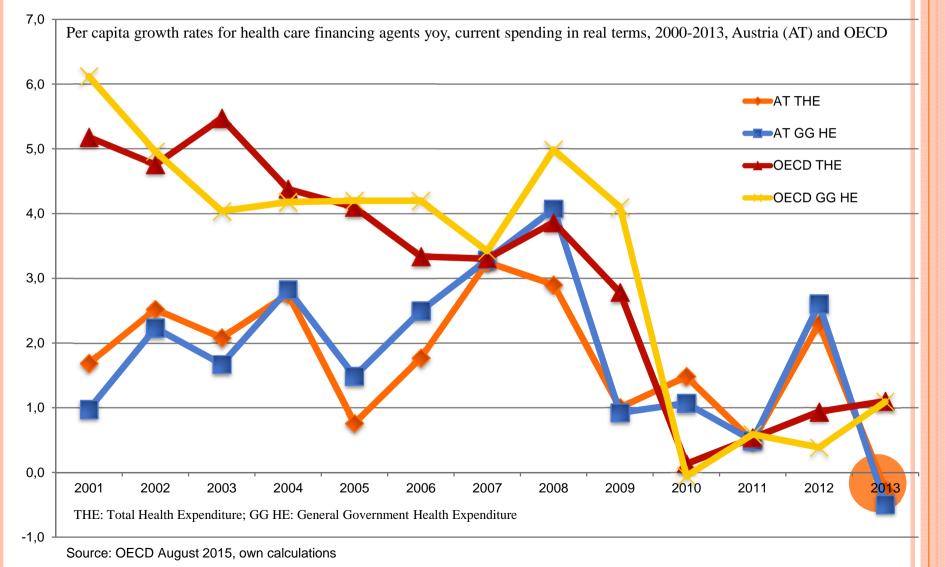
# MEASURES PROPOSED BY HEALTH REFORM 2013 WHICH ARE SUBJECT TO IMPACT ASSESSMENT IN 2017

|           |  | Likelihood of<br>achievement<br>in 2017 | Remarks   |
|-----------|--|---|---|
| Measure 1 | Ensure best point of service   |   |   |
|           | Increase day care 4.2 pp. to 25 per cent of all hospital admission   | ****                                    | Average length of   |
|           | Reduce bed-days  | ***                                     | stay targets<br>expected to be<br>failed  |
| Measure 2 | Build capacity for innovative, multidisciplinary care models   |   |   |
|           | <ul> <li>Increase the number of such models</li> <li>Make existing ambulatory care more responsive to patient needs, e.g. opening hours</li> </ul>                             | **                                      | Target is<br>conservative: 1% of<br>the population<br>should be cared in<br>such models |
| Measure 3 | Enhance targeted health promotion and prevention   |   |   |
|           | <ul> <li>Definition of unified principals for newly established funds<br/>on the regional level</li> <li>150 Mio. Euros between 2013-2022</li> </ul>                           | **                                      | Funds will operate in<br>parallel with other<br>funding and<br>governance sources       |
| Measure 4 | Enhance quality with focus on outcome quality  |   |   |
|           | • Establish outcome measurement comparable across sectors by 2014  |   | Largely devolved to the regional level  |
| Measure 5 | Establish a monitoring system to enable evaluation of objectives and to promote transparency   |   |   |
|           | <ul> <li>Establish a monitoring framework in 2013</li> <li>Provide annual monitoring reports per "Land", first 2014 for the year 2013</li> </ul>                               | ****                                    | 1. Monitoring report:<br>June 2014; 2. Report:<br>February 2015                         |
| Measure 6 | Warrant effective and efficient use of drugs   |   | 6   |
|           | <ul> <li>Establish a commission in 2013 which recommends the<br/>use of high price drugs used across sectors and<br/>recommend which reimbursement mode is to apply</li> </ul> |   | Established   |

Note, \*low likelihood, \*\*\*\*\*very high likelihood.

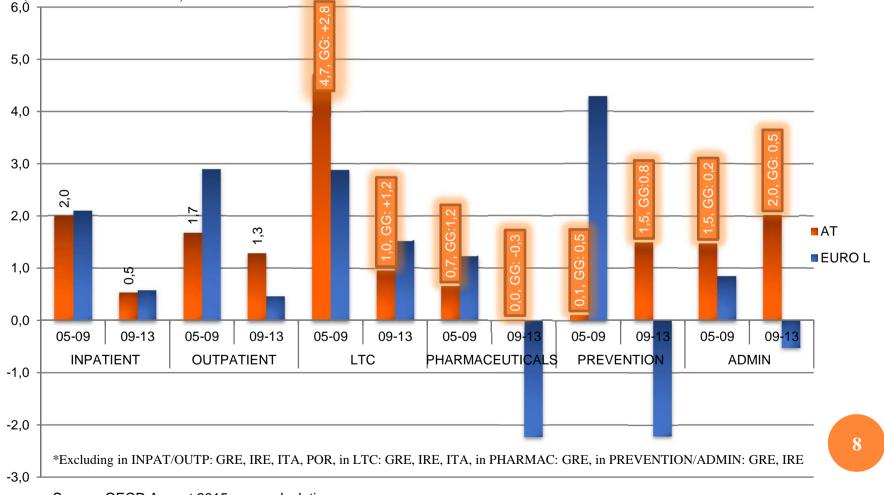
Source: Gesundheitsreformgesetz 2013, Gesundheit Österreich GmbH 2014/2015, own compilation and assessment

# THE AUSTRIAN GROWTH PERFORMANCE DIFFERS FROM OECD AND IS RECENTLY PRETTY VOLATILE!?



### DOES THIS HERALD BADLY WANTED STRUCTURAL CHANGE IN CARE DELIVERY?

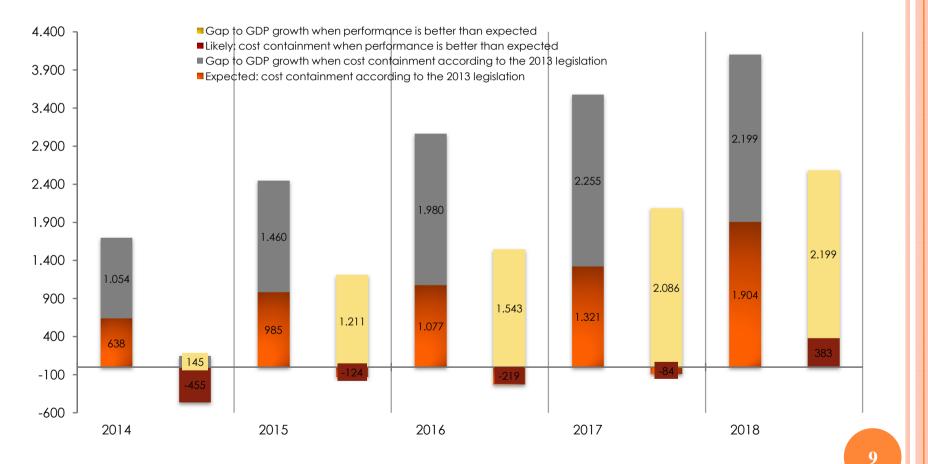
Average annual per capita growth rates for health care spending components, in real terms, 2005-2013, Austria (AT) and Euro Countries (Euro L)\* (GG: General Government)



Source: OECD August 2015, own calculations

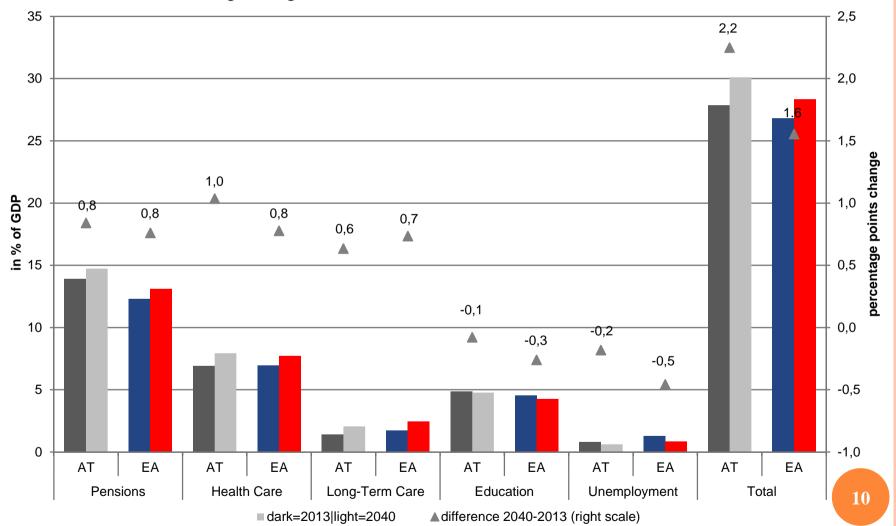
# WEAK ECONOMIC CONDITIONS CHALLENGE FISCAL SUSTAINABILITY AS DEFINED IN 2013

The spending gap is increasing but likely less strong than expected, in 1000 Euros



Source: Gesundheitsreformgesetz 2013; 2017-2018: own estimates, Hauptverband der Sozialversicherungsträger: 2014: final; 2015-2016: forecasts; 2017-2018: own estimates, 2013-2015: Bundesfinanzrahmen 2013; 2016-2018: Bundesfinanzrahmen 2014: Gesundheit, Mittelfristige Prognose WIFO - Monatsberichte, 1/2015: 2014-2019

#### FISCAL PRESSURE FROM AGEING IS EVERYWHERE



Main areas of social spending 2013 and 2040, Austria (AT) and Euro Area (EA), %GDP

Source: European Commission, Aging Report 2015, baseline scenario: Pension, Education, Unemployment; Health Care and Long-Term Care: AWG risk scenario, own compilation.

#### SOCIAL JUSTICE NE **BE ADDRESSED AND ATTENTION**

 $y = 1,3643 \ln(x) - 4,1264$ 

9,0

8,0

7,0

6,0

5,0

4,0

3,0

|  | Rank Country               | Score   | Change                               |
|--|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
|  | to disposed                | SJI SJI SJI<br>2008* 2011* 2014:  | 2008 2011                            |
| CIAL JUSTICE NEEDS TO  | 1 Sweden<br>2 Finland      | 753 7.34 7.44   | 7.43 -0.05 +0.14                     |
| ADDRESSED AND MORE   | 3 Denmark<br>4 Netherlands | 7.39 7.08 7.06  | 7/06 -0.33 -0.02<br>6.96 -0.14 -0.10 |
| ENTION   | 5 Czech Republic           | 6.62 6.67 6.63 Manual Control | 5.0 +0.02 -0.04<br>6.51 -0.21 -0.11  |
| Social Sustainability Index and health expenditure per capita, 2 |                            |   |                                      |
|  | 2012 (or nearest year)     |   |                                      |
|  | FIN SWE                    |   | ▲ NOR                                |
|  | FIN SWE                    | DK<br>LUX<br>GER NL   | ▲ NOR<br>▲ CHE                       |
| EST<br>UK<br>EST<br>UK<br>ESP                                    | FIN SWE                    | DK<br>LUX<br>GER NL   |                                      |
|  | FIN SWE                    | DK<br>LUX<br>GER NL   |                                      |
| EST<br>UK<br>POL<br>ESP  | FIN SWE                    | DK<br>LUX<br>GER NL   |                                      |

Social Sustainability Index

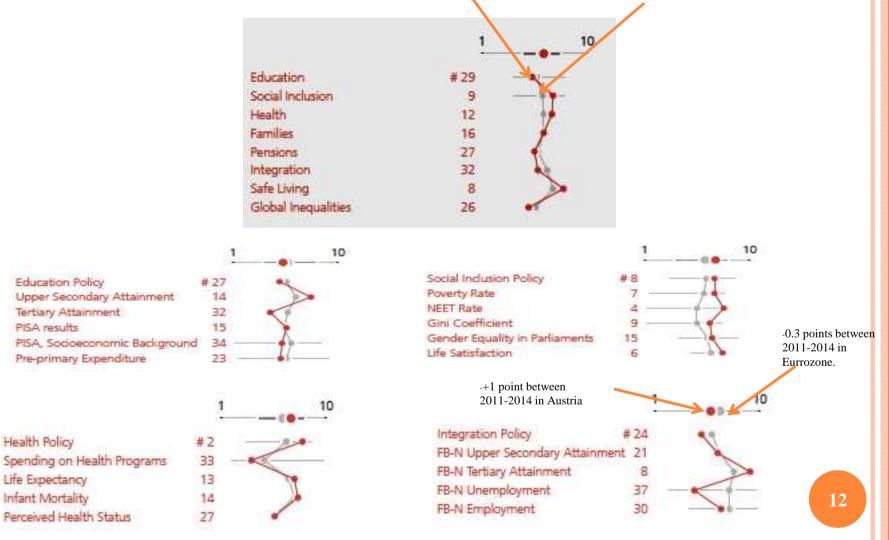
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2,0  $R^2 = 0.5024$ Log. (Social Sustainability Index) 1,0 0,0 500 1000 1500 2000 2500 3000 3500 4000 4500 5000 0 11

Source: Bertelsmann Stiftung: Sustainable Governance Indicators <u>http://www.sgi-network.org/2014/</u>, OECD Health at a Glance Europe 2014, own compilation

# MORE INCLUSIVE PREVENTIVE CARE AND BETTER INTEGRATION POLICY IS NEEDED

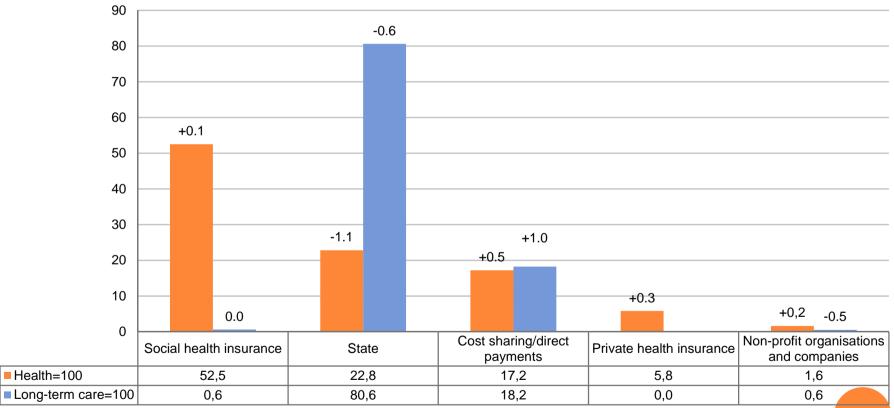
#### Performance in Social Policy areas, Austria compared to Eurozone countries



Source: Bertelsmann Stiftung: Sustainable Governance Indicators http://www.sgi-network.org/2014/Austria/Social\_Policies

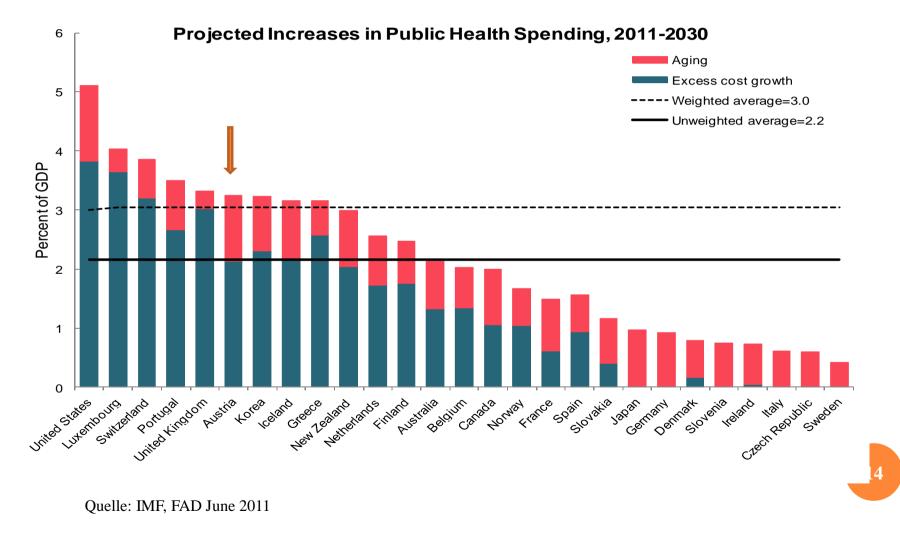
# MAIN CHALLENGES REMAIN: GOVERNANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Sources of financing in % of current health expenditure, 2013 and growth since 2010 (pp-change over each bar)

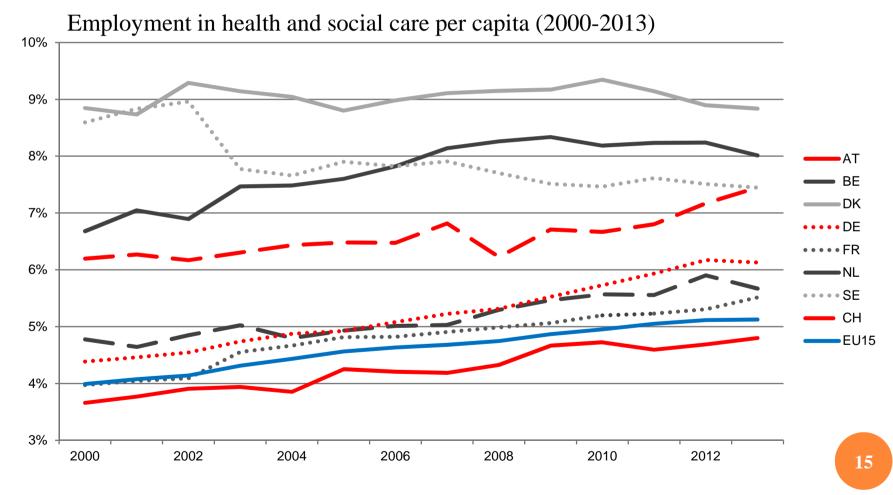


Sources: Statistik Austria, own calculation

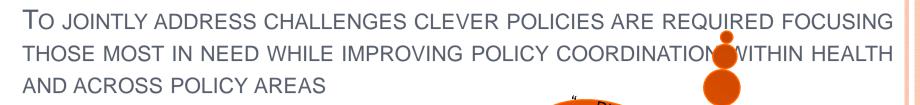
TARGETING "WASTE" IS IMPORTANT AS THE COST DRIVER "AGING" IS ONLY PART OF THE FUTURE CHALLENGE



#### SMART INVESTMENTS IN HEALTH EMPLOYMENT IS CRUCIAL TO BETTER ACCOMMODATE FUTURE HEALTH NEEDS AND TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGE



Sources: EUROSTAT, NACE rev. 1.1 and 2, own calculation 2014



OECD 2011:
Implement more effective public health programmes with and alcohol consumption.
Ontinue to develop "children balth" programmes which have basitive life-long impacts.
Develop special programmes of underable groups which loss bahind in lifestyles and bahind in lifestyles and indigram and resident groups.  ...Die für die Umsetzung des Rahmen-Gesundheitsziels "Gesundheitliche Chancengerechtigkeit" gebildete Arbeitsgruppe hatte rund ein Jahr nach Beschluss der Rahmen-Beschluss der Rahmen-Indikatoren für die Zielerreichung festgelegt..."
 Rechnungshof, Feb. 2015



Source: Daniel Kahnemann: Don't Blink! The Hazards of Confidence, NYT Magazine, October 19, 2011

# THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

#### **Selected Readings**

- OECD (2014): Health at a Glance Europe, OECD Publishing. http://ec.europa.eu/health/reports/docs/health\_glance\_2014\_en.pdf
- o OECD (2014): Social Expenditure Up-date, November 2014: http://www.oecd.org/social/expenditure.htm
- Schraad-Tischler, D., Ch.Kroll (2014) Social Justice in the EU A Cross-national Comparison Social Inclusion Monitor Europe (SIM) – Index Report: <u>http://www.sgi-</u>

network.org/docs/2014/basics/Social\_Justice\_in\_the\_EU\_2014.pdf

• GÖG (2015): Migration und Gesundheit:

http://www.goeg.at/cxdata/media/download/berichte/migration\_und\_gesundheit\_2015.pdf

- EC (2015): The 2015 Ageing Report Economic and budgetary projections for the 27 EU Member States (2010-2060): <u>http://ec.europa.eu/economy\_finance/publications/european\_economy/2012/pdf/ee-2012-2\_en.pdf</u>
- Hofmarcher M.M. (2014) The Austrian health reform 2013 is promising but requires continuous political ambition, Health Policy, October 2014, Volume 118, Issue 1, Pages 8–13: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.healthpol.2014.09.001
- Hofmarcher M M, (2013) Austria: Health system review. Health Systems in Transition, 2013; 15(7): 1–291, <u>http://www.euro.who.int/\_\_\_data/assets/pdf\_file/0017/233414/HiT-Austria.pdf</u>
- Gönenç, R., M. M. Hofmarcher and A. Wörgötter (2011), "Reforming Austria's Highly Regarded but Costly Health System", OECD Economics Department Working Papers, No. 895, OECD Publishing. <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/5kg51mbntk7j-en</u>
- OECD (2010), Health Care Systems: Efficiency and Policy Settings, OECD Publishing. <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.1787/9789264094901-en</u>